## St Anne's C of E Primary School Curriculum Plan

Subject: E Safety

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Year: Year 2

Term: Autumn

Unit: Online Relationships / Health and Wellbeing



Vocabulary	Knowledge	Understanding	Skills
	Children will know (that)	Children will understand (that)	Children will be able to
Technology – devices or tools to help everyday life Communication - to pass information to others by speaking, writing, moving your body or other signals Permission – Saying 'Yes' to someone doing something. Online - controlled by or connected to a computer Offline - anything not controlled by or connected to a computer. Consent –Giving permission. Saying 'yes' to someone doing something. Options - Choices Trusted adult A person someone knows well who is safe and looks after you. Upset When someone is unhappy or worried.	<ul> <li>Online Relationships Technology can be used to communicate with other people around the world. </li> <li>Some people may try and get personal information from you without knowing you or asking you first.</li> <li>Sometimes we can fall out with people we are communicating with online.</li> <li>Online Bullying Sometime people are kind online and sometimes they are unkind. Anyone who experiences bullying is not to blame.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Online Relationships The word consent is to give another person permission to do something. It is like saying 'Yes' To something. </li> <li>Someone should always ask for consent before they do something that involves another person. </li> <li>Some people may try and do things without your consent or permission. You should always ask a trusted  adult if someone is asking for your permission or consent for  something online. </li> <li>Online Bullying That there is a difference between one incident of unkind behaviour</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Online Relationships give examples of how someone might use technology to communicate with others they don't also know offline and explain why this might be risky. (e.g. email, online gaming, a pen-pal in another school/country).</li> <li>explain who they should ask before sharing things about themselves and others online.</li> <li>Explain what consent means and why it is important.</li> <li>explain why I should always ask a trusted adult before clicking 'yes', 'agree', or 'accept' online .</li> <li>Online Bullying</li> </ul>

St Anne's C of E Primary School Curriculum Plans

<b>Unkind Behaviour</b> – behaviour that doesn't consider another	That there are Trusted Adults that	and many incidents of unkind behaviour.	Describe what is and what is not
persons feeling.	can help if you are bullied on and off line.		bullying, but that unkind behaviour of any kind is not ok.
Uncomfortable – causing pain	on me.	That bullying is unkind behaviour	
upset or distress. Embarrassed feeling shy about	Health and wellbeing	over time and persistent.	Explain why people might decide to bully others.
something bad or because you don't want other people to find out	Rules help us keep happy healthy and safe.	How bullying can make people feel.	Describe who a trusted adult is and
about something		Health and wellbeing	how they can help.
<b>Rule</b> – something that might cause	If we do not follow rules we can be		
harm or injury	putting ourselves in danger.	There are some rules that apply to	Health and wellbeing
	•		<b>5</b>
	•		
Bullying – Unkind acts that happen over and over again. Persistent – Something that keeps happening			describe some rules that apply to school, some that apply to home and some that apply to both.
harm or injury <b>Danger</b> - something that might cause harm or injury <b>Risk</b> Possibility of something bad or unpleasant happening. <b>Safe</b> – Free of danger or harm <b>Bullying</b> – Unkind acts that happen over and over again. <b>Persistent</b> – Something that	putting ourselves in danger. Trusted Adults can help us stick to the rules and if we need help we can always ask them.	There are some rules that apply to everyone both at home and at school and that some rules apply all the time no matter where you are or who you are.	Describe what might happen if people did not follow a particular rule. describe some rules that apply to school, some that apply to home

## St Anne's C of E Primary School Curriculum Plan

Subject: E Safety

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Year: Year 2

Term: Spring

Unit: Self-image / Privacy & Security / Online Reputation.



Vocabulary	Knowledge	Understanding	Skills
	Children will know (that)	Children will understand (that)	Children will be able to
Online - controlled by or	Self Image	Self Image	Self Image
connected to a computer	the internet can help us to connect	is made up of real people who	recognise people they have direct
•	with other people all around the	interact with each other.	communication with compared with
Actions – something that is done,	world.		those who they just watch or read
not just thought about or spoken		the choices they make when part of	about.
about.	People sometimes pretend to be	a community can effect themselves	
	someone else online.	and others, positively or negatively.	make good decisions around how
Stereotype - a fixed general			they behave when online and they
image or set of characteristics that	People do not always use their real	Online Reputation	will be able to stick to the norms
a lot of people believe represent a	photos or tell the truth online.	Even if you remove an image or	
particular type of person or thing.		information from the internet,	Online Reputation
-	they can belong to online and real	someone may have copied it and	Explain why you need to be very
Impression – the effect that something or someone has on	world communities	uploaded it somewhere else.	careful when uploading something online.
someone's thoughts or feelings	Online Reputation	The dangers of putting and sharing	
	Information on the internet can	personal information online.	Explain how it is best to ask a
Avatar – an electronic image that	exist for a very long time.		Trusted Adult before you put
represents a computer user.		Privacy and Security	anything online.
	Other people can see anything you		
Upload – placing information or	produce or upload online.	What is meant by 'private' and	Talk about who they would tell if
images online		'keeping things private'.	somethings has been put online
	Privacy and Security		without your consent.
Search- looking for something.			

St Anne's C of E Primary School Curriculum Plans

Forever – Not ending	passwords can be used to protect information, accounts and devices	that certain information could be used by someone else, possibly causing harm or damage	<b>Privacy and Security</b> explain and give examples of what is meant by 'private' and 'keeping
Digital – An electronic signal	Some information should not be shared with others.		things private'
<b>Content</b> – information online			explain some rules for keeping personal information private (e.g.
<b>Private</b> – something you do not want to share.			creating and protecting passwords).
<b>Consent</b> – Giving permission. Saying 'yes' to someone doing something.			
<b>Password</b> – a word or code that can be used to protect information from others.			
Trusted adult A person someone knows well who is safe and looks after you.			

## St Anne's C of E Primary School Curriculum Plan

Subject: E Safety

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Year: Year 2

Term: Summer

Unit: Managing information online / Copyright and ownership



Vocabulary	Knowledge	Understanding	Skills
	Children will know (that)	Children will understand (that)	Children will be able to
Webpage – Where information is found on a single World Wide Web address. Content – Information within a webpage, can be written, audio, video or images. Permission – Saying 'Yes' to	Managing information online Websites can be used to get information. That websites have features that help you find the information you want.	Managing information online explain the difference between things that are imaginary, 'made up', or 'make believe' and things that are 'true' or 'real'. information found online may not be real or true.	Managing information online use simple keywords in search engines navigate a simple webpage to get information I need (e.g. home, forward, back buttons; links, tabs and sections
someone doing something. <b>Home button</b> - The home button helps you navigate back to the home page of the website I one click. <b>Back button / Forward button</b> -	<b>Copyright and ownership</b> That content on the internet belongs to people.	<b>Copyright and ownership</b> Why you should not copy and use something content online and say	explain what voice activated searching is and how it might be used, and know it is not real person (e.g. Alexa, Google Now, Siri).
Used to move between different webpages online. <b>Tabs -</b> where you can see what webpages you have open. <b>Header -</b> This contains information which helps you explore the webpage	That if something belongs to someone you should ask permission to use it.	<ul><li>that it is yours.</li><li>Why you need to put your name on things that belong to you.</li><li>How they would feel if someone copied their work and said it as theirs.</li></ul>	Copyright and ownership Explain why it is important to put their name on their work. Explain why you cannot normally copy something and say that it is yours.

St Anne's C of E Primary School Curriculum Plans

<ul> <li>Main body - Containing all the content of the webpage, such as information or products.</li> <li>Footer - The footer holds information such as the contact details and other links</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Navigate - Move around/find your way around something to get to where/what you want</li> <li>Create - to make or bring into existence something new.</li> <li>Belong - something or someone is in a particular place or situation. / Something someone owns.</li> <li>Copy - reproduce something</li> <li>Original - the first item from which a copy is made.</li> </ul>		