St Anne's C of E Primary School Curriculum Plan

Subject: PSHE Year: 1 Term: Autumn 1

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Unit: Beginning and Belonging



Vocabulary	Knowledge	Understanding	Skills
	Children will know (that)	Children will understand (that)	Children will be able to
positive – bringing something good, or giving some kind of	What their classroom's ground rules are.	What a ground rule is, what they are in their classroom and how they	Relationships Education:
advantage.		should use them.	CF Caring Friendships
relationship – a connection between people	What a positive relationship looks like in the classroom and how they can build a positive relationship	Why ground rules are important. What positive relationships look	RR Respectful Relationships
emotion – feelings	with someone else.	like. How these can benefit them.	Participate in discussions about behaviour that helps the classroom
	What a new situation could be.	Different types of new situations.	feel a safe and happy place to learn
ground rules - basic rules governing the behaviour in a given situation	What it could feel like to be in a new situation and how to cope with that.	That they may feel certain ways in new situations.	Understand the agreed ground rules
network of support – A group of people who someone trusts .	How people may feel when they start a new school.	That there are strategies that they can use for helping people who arrive new to the school.	Name the other children in their class and to take part in relationship building activities
safe – providing protection from harm, loss, or danger.	That they can help them and how they could help them.		Describe some emotions that someone new to the school
situation – state of affair, circumstance			might feel, and have some ideas of ways to help someone new to feel

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new – not seen or happened	What a network of support is and who is in theirs.	Who a trusted adult is. Why it is important to have trusted adults	welcome
before		and how these can help in a way	Identify people in their 'Network of
support to holp during a time of	What/ who a trusted adult is.	that a trusted child could not.	Support' who can help them if they
support – to help during a time of trouble or stress		That they can have trusted adults	are worried or need support, and know how to ask for help
trouble of stress		at school and at home.	Know now to ask for help
trusted adult – a person over the age of 18 who someone knows well and can trust.			Show some simple strategies for helping other people who need support.
and can crase		That their network of support will	Зарроге
trust - a belief in the strength or		be made up of people they trust.	
truth of a person or thing		That many of these will be trusted adults and that these people can	
		help them.	
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Subject: PSHE Year: 1/2 Term: Autumn 1 and 2

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Unit: Anti-Bullying



Vocabulary	Knowledge	Understanding	Skills
	Children will know (that)	Children will understand (that)	Children will be able to
bullying – deliberately hurtful behaviour, repeated over a period	What the word bullying means.	The definition of bullying and the	Relationships Education:
of time, where it is difficult for those being bullied to defend	The difference between bullying and unkind behaviour or falling out	difference between bullying and unkind behaviour.	CF Caring Friendships
themselves.	with a friend.	The different types of bullying and	RR Respectful Relationships
cyberbullying – bullying that happens online or using electronic	What bullying is and the different types of bullying.	who it can happen to.	Health Education:
communication devices.	That bullying can happen in person		MW Mental Wellbeing
repetition – when something happens again and again	or online.		IS Internet Safety & Harms
intentional – carried out on purpose	That bullying can happen to one person or a group of people.		Understand that bullying is deliberately hurtful behaviour and be able to give examples of the
different – not the same, unique	The reasons why people may be bullied and that this can sometimes be because someone is different	Why someone may be bullied and that people's differences can lead	different forms of bullying Understand that sometimes people
assertiveness - Boldly self- assured; confident without being aggressive	from others.	to them being bullied.	are bullied because they may be different in some way from others

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bystander – A person who, although present at some event, does not take part in it; an observer or spectator.

emotions - A person's internal state of being and response to an object or a situation

feelings - an emotion

strategy - A plan of action intended to accomplish a specific goal.

defend - to support by words or writing; to vindicate, talk in favour of.

online – actively connected to the Internet or to some other communications service.

positive – bringing something good, or giving some kind of advantage.

relationship – a connection between people

trusted adult – a person over the age of 18 who someone knows well and can trust.

trust - a belief in the strength or truth of a person or thing

The different feelings and emotions that someone could feel if they are being bullied.

The different ways to respond to bullying, including who to talk to and how to be kind to people who are being bullied.

Appropriate assertiveness strategies that can be used to respond to bullying.

That bullying can happen in different places, including at school.

The places at school where bullying may occur and what can be done to make these places feel safer.

What feelings and emotions are.

That people who are bullied will experience different feelings and what these could be.

That someone can respond to bullying and the appropriate ways to do this.

How to treat someone who is being bullied.

Where bullying may happen and what they and the school can do to prevent this.

Describe how it feels to be bullied or see someone else being bullied

Demonstrate simple ways of responding to bullying including by being assertive

Demonstrate how to be kind to children who are being bullied

Identify places where bullying may occur at school and be starting to suggest simple strategies to help the school feel a safer place where bullying is less likely to occur.

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Subject: PSHE Year: 1 Term: Autumn 2

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Unit: Family and Friends



Vocabulary	Knowledge	Understanding	Skills
	Children will know (that)	Children will understand (that)	Children will be able to
network of support – A group of people who someone trusts	How to describe what a friend is and does.	What is a friend is and does and how to make and keep friends	Relationships Education: FP Families & People who care
<pre>support - to help during a time of trouble or stress</pre>	How to develop strategies for making and keeping friends.	· ·	for me CF Caring Friendships
relationship – a connection between people	Friendship patterns change and they will be able to develop strategies for coping.	That friendships change over time	BS Being Safe
positive – bringing something good, or giving some kind of advantage.	How to recognise similarities and differences between themselves and their peers.	That they have similarities and differences with their peers and the benefits of these	Describe some of the qualities of friendship and to demonstrate skills in making friends.
special - different from others;uniquefamily - any group living togetheras if they were related by blood	Why families are special, that there are different family patterns and to be able to describe what is special about their own family.	That there are different family structures and what these can be	Develop some strategies for coping when they have friendship problems.
			Understand that friendships change.

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peer - a person of the same rank, age group, or ability as another	How to identify the range of people who are special to them and describe what makes them special.	What their network of support is and how to identify who is in it.	Recognise some similarities and differences between them and other children, and understand that
person; equal.	How to seek help and support and	How to ask for help and who it's best to ask for help from	difference is positive.
	from whom.	best to ask for help from	Understand that there are different family patterns.
			Describe what is special about their own family and its members, and about other people they know.
			Know who they can talk to if they need help and how to ask for it.