Subject: RE	Year: 2	Term: Autumn 1
an	Unit: God U1.1	36

Vocabulary	Knowledge	Understanding	Skills
	Children will know (that)	Children will understand (that)	Children will be able to
 parable – a simple story with a moral or message prodigal – being reckless with money and resources – using them wastefully or extravagantly. forgiveness – an intentional decision to let go of resentment and anger parent – a person's father or mother unconditional love – loving someone regardless of any wrongdoing or faults. 	Christians believe in God, and that they find out about God in the Bible. Christians believe God is loving, kind, fair and forgiving, and also Lord and King. Some stories show these Christian beliefs. Christians worship God and try to live in ways that please him.	The Bible tells us about Jesus' life and the stories (parables) he told. Parables were stories Jesus told to teach about God's love, and show people how they should behave towards one another. There are many parables in the Bible. The Lost Son/ Prodigal Son is just one of them. Jesus is like a parent – he will love us and forgive us regardless of any mistakes or bad choices we might make. This is why he is often referred to as 'father'. Forgiveness is important to keep peace with one another and to help us live in a better world.	Making Sense of the Text Identify what a parable is. Tell the story of the Lost Son from the Bible simply, and recognise a link with the concept of God as a forgiving Father. Give clear, simple accounts of what the story means to Christians. Understanding the Impact Give at least two examples of a way in which Christians show their belief in God as loving and forgiving; for example, by saying sorry; by seeing God as welcoming them back; by forgiving others.

Christians use the parables to help them learn how to live their lives and treat other people. Christians think about God's	Give an example of how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship; by saying sorry to God, for example.
unconditional love when they pray and worship him. They know they can ask God for forgiveness when they do something wrong.	Making Connections Think, talk and ask questions about
	whether they can learn anything from the story for themselves, exploring different ideas.

Subject: RE		Year: 2		Term: Autumn 2
	Unit:	Incarnation U1.3 (Digging Dee	per)	16

Knowledge	Understanding	Skills
Children will know (that)	Children will understand (that)	Children will be able to
Christians believe that Jesus is God. The Bible points out that his birth showed he was extraordinary (for example, he is worshipped as a king, in Matthew). Christians celebrate Jesus' birth; and use the story to help them be kind and generous to others.	An angel visited Joseph. The Wise Men visited baby Jesus and brought him gifts. Christians celebrate Jesus' birth by displaying nativity scenes and singing Christmas Carols. The story of Christmas inspires Christians to do good things to others (eg. charitable work).	Making Sense of the TextIdentify and analyse the portrayal of Incarnation on the 'Big Story' (freize) of the Bible.Present the story of the birth of Jesus and recognise the link with Incarnation — Jesus is 'God on Earth'.Interpret artwork (eg. Boticelli's Mystic Nativity) and analyse how Jesus is portrayed as a king. Compare and contrast to typical kingship.Understanding the ImpactDescribe at least two examples of ways in which Christians use
	Children will know (that) Christians believe that Jesus is God. The Bible points out that his birth showed he was extraordinary (for example, he is worshipped as a king, in Matthew). Christians celebrate Jesus' birth; and use the story to help them	Children will know (that)Children will understand (that)Christians believe that Jesus is God.An angel visited Joseph.The Bible points out that his birth showed he was extraordinary (for example, he is worshipped as a king, in Matthew).An angel visited Joseph. The Wise Men visited baby Jesus and brought him gifts.Christians celebrate Jesus' birth; and use the story to help them be kind and generous to others.Christians collebrate Jesus' birth; The story of Christmas inspires Christians to do good things to others (eg. charitable work).

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	and at home; for example, using nativity scenes and carols to celebrate Jesus' birth.
	Explore similarities and differences between nativity figures and crib scenes used throughout the world.
	Making Connections
	Think, talk and ask questions about the Christmas story and the lessons they might learn from it: for example, about being kind and generous, or the charity work that stems from the Christmas story.

Subject: RE	Year: 2	Term: Spring 1
*	Unit: Gospel U1.4	46

Vocabulary	Knowledge	Understanding	Skills
	Children will know (that)	Children will understand (that)	Children will be able to
 gospel – the record of Christ's life and teaching in the first four books of the New Testament – Matthew, Mark, Luke and John. forgiveness – the intentional decision to let go of resentment and anger peace – calm and tranquillity, or a state of no war or fighting friendship – being friends and having mutual trust and support of one another charity – the voluntary giving of help, typically in the form of money. But also by giving to others or by volunteering time 	Christians believe Jesus brings good news for all people. For Christians, this good news includes being loved by God, and being forgiven for bad things. Christians believe Jesus is a friend to the poor and friendless. Christians believe Jesus' teachings make people think hard about how to live and show them the right way	Jesus brings good news. We learn about Jesus in the gospels of the Bible. There are 4 gospels, written by Matthew, Mark, Luke and John. Jesus is kind and friendly to everyone, irrespective of their wealth, status, health, morals, etc. Jesus' teachers help us learn how to live our lives the right way.	Making Sense of the Text Tell stories from the Bible and recognise a link with a concept of 'Gospel' or good news. Give clear, simple accounts of what Bible texts (such as the story of Matthew the tax collector) mean to Christians. Recognise that Jesus gives instructions to people about how to behave Understanding the Impact Give at least two examples of ways in which Christians follow the teachings studied about forgiveness and peace, and bringing good news to the friendless.

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	Give at least two examples of how Christians put these beliefs into practice in the Church community and their own lives (for example: charity, confession). Making Connections Think, talk and ask questions about whether Jesus' 'good news' is only good news for Christians, or if there are things for anyone to learn, exploring different ideas

Subject: RE		Year: 2		Term: Spring 2
an	Unit	: Salvation U1.5 (Digging Deepe	er)	38

Vocabulary	Knowledge	Understanding	Skills
	Children will know (that)	Children will understand (that)	Children will be able to
 Easter – an important festival to Christians, celebrating the resurrection of Jesus. forgiveness – deciding to let go of anger or resentment Jerusalem – an ancient city on West Asia crucifixion – an ancient way executing someone by nailing them to a cross 	 Easter is very important in the 'big story' of the Bible. Jesus showed that he was willing to forgive all people, even for putting him on the cross. Christians believe Jesus builds a bridge between God and humans. Christians believe Jesus rose again, giving people hope of a new life. 	Easter time is important because it's a time to remember how Jesus died to save humankind. Jesus is a saviour because he sacrified his own life to help us become better people. Jesus died in great pain and suffering, and Christians are thankful for this. Jesus forgave the people who killed him.	Making Sense of the Text Recognise that God, Incarnation, Gospel and Salvation are part of the 'big story' of the Bible, and make connections as to why a life buoy is used to depict the story of Easter on the Big Frieze. Demonstrate understanding of the events of Holy Week by telling stories of Holy Week and Easter and making a link with the idea of Salvation (Jesus rescuing people).
 betrayal – an act of deliberate disloyalty Mary Magdelene – a woman who travelled with Jesus as one of his 		The story of Easter helps Christians understand the importance of forgiveness.	Understanding the Impact Give examples of how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus as
followers		After his resurrection, Jesus was not recognised by his friends straight away.	saviour in church worship, particularly in the context of forgiveness.

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Holy Week – the period of time leading up to Jesus' death and then his subsequent resurrection Good Friday – a day that remembers Jesus' death on the cross Palm Sunday – a day that remembers Jesus riding into Jerusalem on a donkey.	 leading up to Jesus' death and then his subsequent resurrection Good Friday – a day that remembers Jesus' death on the cross Palm Sunday – a day that remembers Jesus riding into 	Jesus is viewed as the link (or bridge) between God and humankind.	Making Connections Think, talk and ask questions about whether the text has something to say to them (for example, about whether forgiveness is important), exploring different ideas.
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