Subject: RE Year: 4 Term: Spring 1

Unit: Gospel U2A.4



Vocabulary	Knowledge	Understanding	Skills
	Children will know (that)	Children will understand (that)	Children will be able to
gospel – the record of Christ's life and teaching in the first four books of the New Testament – Matthew, Mark, Luke and John.  disciple – a close friend or follower of Jesus  leprosy/leper – a contagious and debilitating skin disease  miracle – an extraordinary event, that cannot be explained either naturally or scientifically. So it attributed to God's power.	Christians believe Jesus challenges everyone about how to live — he sets the example for loving God and your neighbour, putting others first.  Jesus shows love and forgiveness to unlikely people.  Christians try to be like Jesus — they want to know him better and better.  Christians try to put his teaching and example into practice in lots of ways, from church worship to social justice.	Jesus showed love and forgiveness to all.  Christians try to follow Jesus' example; they learn from his actions.  Christians read about Jesus in the Gospels of the Bible and use what they have learnt to help them make good choices in their own lives.	Making Sense of the Text  Identify this as part of a 'Gospel', which tells the story of the life and teaching of Jesus.  Make clear links between the calling of the first disciples and how Christians today try to follow Jesus and be 'fishers of people'.  Offer suggestions about what Jesus' actions towards the leper might mean for a Christian.  Understanding the Impact  Make simple links between Bible texts and the concept of 'Gospel' (good news).  Give examples of how Christians try to show love to all, including

	how members of the clergy follow Jesus' teaching.
	Making Connections
	Make links between the Bible stories studied and the importance of love, and life in the world today, expressing some ideas of their own clearly.

Subject: RE Year: 4 Term: Spring 2

46

Unit: Salvation U2A.5 (Digging Deeper)



Vocabulary	Knowledge	Understanding	Skills
	Children will know (that)	Children will understand (that)	Children will be able to
Passover – a celebration that commemorates the slavery of Israelites in Egypt and their ultimate exodus to freedom.  Judas – a disciple of Jesus' who betrayed him  denial – to refuse to accept something as true or valid  betrayal – an act of deliberate disloyalty  Jewish – belonging to the religion of Judaism or to Jews  The Last Supper – a meal Jesus shared with his disciples shortly he was arrested and eventually killed. This is the meal where Jesus first	Christians see Holy Week as the culmination of Jesus' earthly life, leading to his death and resurrection.  The various events of Holy Week, such as the Last Supper, were important in showing the disciples what Jesus came to do.  Christians today trust that Jesus really did rise from the dead, and so is still alive today.  Christians remember and celebrate Jesus' last week, death and resurrection.	The practice of communally taking bread and wine stems from the events of the Last Supper.  Jesus was betrayed by Judas.  Peter denied knowing Jesus.  Jesus washed his own disciples' feet on Maundy Thursday.	Making Sense of the Text  Offer suggestions about what the narrative of the Last Supper, Judas' betrayal and Peter's denial might mean. Give examples of what the texts studied mean to some Christians.  Provide a theological explanation about the importance of Jesus and Salvation, but also the emotional power of the story for Christians  Understanding the Impact  Make clear links between Gospel texts and how Christians remember, celebrate and serve on Maundy Thursday, including Holy Communion. Describe how Christians show their beliefs about

shared bread and wine as a way of remembering him.	Jesus in their everyday lives: for example, prayer, serving, sharing the message and the example of Jesus.  Making Connections
	Raise questions and suggest answers about how serving and celebrating, remembering and betrayal, trust and standing up for your beliefs might make a difference to how pupils think and live.

Subject: RE Year: 4 Term: Summer 1

Unit: Kingdom of God U2A.6



Vocabulary	Knowledge	Understanding	Skills
	Children will know (that)	Children will understand (that)	Children will be able to
Kingdom of God - God's reign on	Christians believe that Jesus	On the day of Pentecost, the	Making Sense of the Text
earth and consequently, in our	inaugurated the 'Kingdom of	presence of the Holy Spirit was felt	
hearts	God' — i.e. Jesus' whole life was	by Jesus' disciples and many other	Make clear links between the story
Pentecost – the day when the	a demonstration of his belief that God is King, not just in	people. These people then promised to spread the word of	of the Day of Pentecost and Christian belief about the Kingdom
Holy Spirit came down onto Jesus	heaven but here and now ('Your	God following Jesus' return to	of God on Earth.
disciples. The birth of the church.	kingdom come, your will be	heaven. This was the start of the	or dod on Earth
	done on earth as it is in	Christian faith. Those people then	Offer suggestions about what the
The Holy Spirit – the feeling of	heaven').	sought to build the Kingdom of	description of Pentecost in Acts 2
God's love, a bit like an invisible	Christiana haliana Jasos is still	God, where God rules in peoples'	might mean.
best friend who is with you at all times to give you advice or to	Christians believe Jesus is still alive, and rules in their hearts	lives, by teaching others about him.	Give examples of what Pentecost
comfort you when you are worried	and lives by the Holy Spirit, if	After Pentecost, Jesus rose into	means to some Christians now.
or anxious, and to help you stay on	they let him.	heave. This is called the ascension.	means to some emiscians now
the right path in following God.	,		Understanding the Impact
	Christians believe that after	The Holy Spirit can be interpreted	
<b>Trinity</b> – the three parts of God's	Jesus returned to be with God	in different ways, but is often seen	Make simple links between the
love. God, Jesus and the Holy	the Father, he sent the Holy	as a 'feeling' of God's love and	description of the Day of Pentecost
Spirit. Sometimes referred to as 'God the Father, God the Son and	Spirit at Pentecost to help the Church to make Jesus' invisible	presence – a bit like a comforter.	in Acts 2, the Holy Spirit and the Kingdom of God, and how
God the Holy Spirit'	Kingdom visible by living lives		Christians live their whole lives and
- /	that reflect the love of God.		in their church communities.

<b>The Lord's Prayer</b> – a special prayer taught to us by Jesus	Christians celebrate Pentecost as the beginning of the Church.	We can learn more about the Kingdom of God by listening to the words of the Lord's Prayer.	Making Connections
disciples - Jesus' followers	the beginning of the charen.	words of the Lord's Frayer.	Make links between ideas about the
<b>apostles</b> – Jesus' 12 closest disciples.			Kingdom of God explored in the Bible and what people believe about following God in the world
atheist – someone who does not believe in the existence of God or gods			today, expressing some of their own ideas.

Subject: RE Year: 4 Term: Summer 2

Unit: Incarnation U2A.3

Vocabulary	Knowledge	Understanding	Skills
	Children will know (that)	Children will understand (that)	Children will be able to
gospels – a life story or biography of the life and teaching of Jesus. Gospel means 'Good News'. There are four books in the Gospel, written by disciples Matthew, Mark, Luke and John.	Christians believe God is Trinity: Father, Son and Holy Spirit.  Christians believe The Father creates; he sends the Son who saves his people; the Son sends	God is three in one: the father, the son and the Holy Spirit. This is called the Trinity.  Christians worship the Trinity and refer to it in prayer, eg. The Grace.	Making Sense of the Text  Explain the difference between a 'Gospel', which tells the story of the life and teaching of Jesus, and a letter.
<b>baptism</b> - a ceremony involving the pouring of water (or full submersion in water) and anointing with oil, to welcome a person into the Christian church.	the Holy Spirit to his followers.  Christians find that understanding God is challenging; people spend their whole lives learning more and	The Holy Spirit is the spirit of God, giving God's love and life to the people. It is God's power at work in the world.	Study artwork that portrays the Baptism of Christ. Compare and contrast the ways in which God is portrayed therein.
<b>The Trinity</b> – Christians believe God is three in one: father, son and Holy Spirit	more about God.  Christians really want to try to understand God better and so	Christians read the Bible to learn about the Trinity, and use passages to inspire prayers, poems and hymns.	Offer suggestions about what texts about baptism and Trinity might mean.
The Grace – receiving God's unfailing and steadfast love  blessing – a gift from God, invoking favour upon a person and bringing happiness	try to describe God using symbols, similes and metaphors, in song, story, poems and art.  Christians worship God as Trinity. It is a huge idea to grasp		Articulate examples of what these texts mean to some Christians today, eg. in the context of modern Baptism or prayers said frequently in church.

	and Christians have created art	Understanding the Impact
symbolism – when an idea, feeling or emotion is used to represent something else	to help to express this belief.  Christians believe the Holy Spirit is God's power at work in the world and in their lives today, enabling them to follow Jesus.	Describe how Christians show their beliefs about God the Trinity in worship (in baptism and prayer, for example) and in the way they live  Making Connections  Make links between some Bible texts studied and the idea of God in Christianity, expressing clearly some ideas of their own about what the God of Christianity is like, e.g. how the Trinity is perceived.